

School of Engineering

WRITTEN EXAMINATION

Course Fundamental	s of Pr	oduction Engineering
Sub-course		
Course code PRo33G	r	Credits for written examination 3hp
Date 2022-09-22		Examination time 0830-1230
Examination respons	sible Vi	ctor Hedén
Teachers concerned		
Aid at the exam/appe	endices	3
Other		
Instructions		Take a new sheet of paper for each teacher.
mstructions		
on the same paper.	\boxtimes	Take a new sheet of paper when starting a new question (part questions
		Write only on one side of the paper.
	\boxtimes	Write your name and personal ID No. on all pages you hand in.
	\boxtimes	Use page numbering.
	\boxtimes	Don't use a red pen.
	\boxtimes	Mark answered questions with a cross on the cover sheet.



Grade points

Grading results U,G,VG	Grading results: A-F
U = less than 6p/Part	A = 4*VG
G = 6-10p/Part	B = 3*VG + 1G
VG=11-15p/Part	C = 2*VG + 2*G
	D = 1 VG + 3*G
	$\mathbf{E} = 4^*\mathbf{G}$
	F = Less than G on any Part

Grading limits to get the least pass are required G on each part A, B, C and D. If any part is judged as U, all parts must be re-examined.

Examination results should be made public within 18 working days $Good\ luck!$

Total number of pages 7



Part A (questions 1, 2, 3) General questions Total 15p

Question 1 MUDA, MURA, MURI 9p

- a) Muda is an expression of waste, in the course we have discussed 7+1 waste, name 5 of the wastes and explain how can we detect each of them? (5p)
- b) Explain what Mura means and how we can identify Mura. (2p)
- c) Explain what MURI means and give one examples of Muri. (2p)

Question 2 Takt time and cycle time 6p

- a) Explain what Takt-time is and how to calculate it, also explain what is the purpose of Takt-time. (3p)
- b) Define and explain cycle time. (2p)
- c) Define and explain throughput time. (1p)



Part B (question 3,4,5) Production preparation Total 15p

Question 3 Process planning 6p

Process planning could be described as follows:

Process planning or production preparation means the function that prepare, adjust and modifies product structures, as well as documentations for manufacturing, in terms of operational sequences and operating hours.

Discuss what possible obstacles or limitations in the current manufacturing processes could affect the result of the process planning. (6p)

Question 4 Plant layout 6p

Explain thoroughly and discuss **2 different plant layouts**, one of them should be **line-based the other one** is of your own choice.

The explanations should include which process types are suitable for those 2 different layouts. (6p)

Question 5 Automation 3p

Automation in a really wide sense could regard both automatic machining as well as automatic identification and data capture.

Give 3 examples of where in a manufacturing process it could be useful to atomize manual work and argue why it would be beneficial. (3p)



Part C (questions 6, 7) Production and problem solving Total 15p

Question 6) Leveling (9p)

Right now your company can produce 1000 items per day and you produce 5 days per week.

For 1 month, you produce a total of 20,000 items (20 working days per month). The demand during this month can be seen in the table below:

Article	Number per months
Α	10000
В	8000
C	2000

The person responsible for the planning has chosen to produce first 10000 A then 8000 B and then 2000 C, after that the person starts with A again and so on.

a) Motivate what is good about this planning. (2p)

The customer now wants to go from having a locked plan of 1 months to 1 week and maybe further down to only 1 day. Locked means that the customer is not allowed to change her plan. This probably means that you need to change the production plan and how you level out your production.

- b) **Describe** how you should plan to cope with 1 week and 1 day locked plan respectively. (Leveling the production correctly regarding to lower the waiting time) (2p)
- c) **Describe a clear requirement** that this entails for the process and **motivate** this. (2p)
- d) **Describe a tool / method** that can help you more easily meet the requirement in 6C above. **Also give a motivation** for why it helps you (3p)



Question 7 Problem solving 6p

Using the PDCA- circle or the Deeming wheel is a good way to organize continuous improvement. The first phase P is Plan, where problems are define investigated and solutions to problems are suggested.

Discuss at least three (3) different tools which could be used in purpose of problem solving. (6p)



Part D (questions 8, 9) Production logistics Total 15p

Question 8 Production planning 8p

The MRP II model separates planning activities in 4 different levels, where the Master production schedule is the actual starting point for planning production.

 a) This schedule/plan should answer to 4 specific questions. The first is which product we should produce. Which are the following 3 questions?
 (3p)

The picture below describes the balance between assets and demand which has to be accomplished by the master production planning.

- b) Define what is meant by assets and demand. (2p)
- c) Explain possible consequences in case of an unbalanced situation. (3p)

Balance between assets and demand

Demand • •	Assets • •

Question 9 Kanban systems 7p

- a) Describe thoroughly a Kanban system and explain the function of it. (4p)
- b) Describe a supermarket solution in combination with a Kanban board.(3p)