

School of Informatics

WRITTEN EXAMINATION

Course Software Test	ing G1	F, 7.5hp			
Sub-course					
Course code IT373G		Credits for written examination 5hp			
Date 2024-10-30		Examination time 14:15-19:30			
Examination respons	ible				
Teachers concerned					
Aid at the exam/appe	endices				
Other					
*					
Instructions		Take a new sheet of paper for each teacher.			
	\boxtimes	Take a new sheet of paper when starting a new question.			
	\boxtimes	Write only on one side of the paper.			
	\boxtimes	Write your name and personal ID No. on all pages you hand in.			
	\boxtimes	Use page numbering.			
	\boxtimes	Don't use a red pen.			
	\boxtimes	Mark answered questions with a cross on the cover sheet.			
Grade points					

Examination results should be made public within 18 working days $Good\ luck!$

Total number of pages

Grading

This exam contains five sections. Each section examines the student with respect to one or two of the learning goals specified in the course plan. In order to pass the exam, the student therefore, needs to pass all five sections. For your convenience, each section list the relevant examination criteria.

Section 1

Examination criteria: (i) The student can describe the process for model-driven test design (mdtd) as well as its different activities and (ii) The student can describe the advantage of agile approaches such as test-driven development (tdd) and briefly describe the tdd approach.

Question 1

Describe the MDTD process and explain how it differs from traditional test design. You should use an elaborate example to show the different activities in your answer.

Question 2

Describe the TDD approach and explain why the TDD tests are not enough to guarantee high quality of the test set.

The level of detail and number of arguments determines the grade.

Section 2

Examination criterion: The student can explain the limitations of software testing

Question 3

Why is it, that software testing never can prove correctness and why should we strive for high-quality tests if we still cannot prove that the software is free from faults? *Note:* This is a question with many answers so you should elaborate on this and give at least three arguments and / or examples.

Number of arguments and examples determine the grade

Section 3

Examination criterion: The student can explain given test techniques in sufficient detail

Question 4

Correlated active clause coverage (CACC):

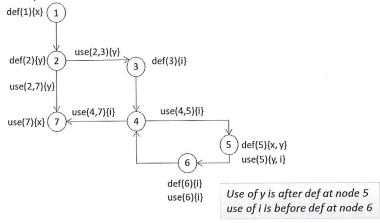
- 1. Describe the technique with your own words (i.e., how it works)
- 2. List the CACC test requirements for predicate P (i.e., required rows) based on the table below. Give all feasible alternatives for each clause.

Row	A	В	C	Predicate P	P_A	P_B	Pc
1	Т	Т	Т	Т	T	F	F
2	Т	Т	F	Т	F	Т	F
3	Т	F	Т	Т	Т	F	Т
4	Т	F	F	F	F	Т	Т
5	F	Т	T	F	Т	F	Т
6	F	Т	F	Т	F	Т	Т
7	F	F	Т	F	Т	F	F
8	F	F	F	F	F	Ţ	F

Question 5

All-uses coverage

- 1. Describe the technique with your own words (i.e., how it works)
- 2. List the test requirements for all-uses coverage of the below graph



Question 6

Mutation, the AOR mutation operator

- 1. Describe the AOR operator with your own words (i.e., how it works)
- 2. List the AOR mutants for the given code fragment

```
if ((m4 != 0) || ((m100 == 0) && (m400 != 0)))
    daysIn[2] = 28;
else
    daysIn[2] = 29;
    numDays = day2 + (daysIn[month1] - day1);
for (int i = month1 + 1; i <= month2-1; i++)
    numDays = daysIn[i] + numDays;</pre>
```

Question 7

For a higher grade also: Compare and contrast edge coverage and prime-path coverage. Your comparison should focus on (i) the effectiveness with respect to the probability to expose failures, (ii) the cost with respect to number of test requirements, and (iii) the usability with respect to infeasible test requirements.

Section 4

Examination criteria: (i) The student can explain the common concepts in software testing and test automation and (ii) The student can describe the main functionality given by a test automation framework such as JUnit.

Question 8

What is the difference between a software error and a software failure? Illustrate your explanation with an example.

Question 9

During the lectures we have talked about the two concepts *observability* and *controllability*. Give an example of software that typically have low observability and explain why the observability is low in that type of software.

Question 10

One of the features in JUnit is assertions. A typical assertion is assertTrue(string, boolean). Give an example test and describe what this assertion does. Make sure that the description is detailed enough to explain the parameters. Use the method *addOne(int x)* for your example test. This method simply returns x+1.

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Level of aetail	aetermines the grade.	

Section 5

Examination criterion: The student can give at least one very good argument for why the use of coverage criteria help testers get high-quality tests.

Question 11

In this course we have discussed several advantages of using coverage criteria. Two of the advantages concerns the quality of the test set and test maintenance. How does the use of coverage criteria help the tester improve the test set and how does it make it easier to maintain the test set? *Number of arguments and level of detail determines the grade.*